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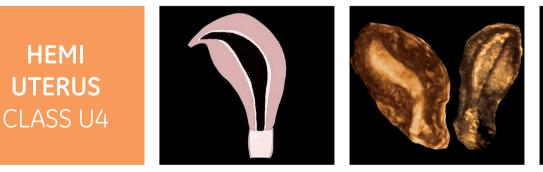
Classification of uterine anomalies

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In presence of a straight or NORMAL curved interostial line but with **UTERUS** an internal indentation at the fundal midline <50% of the CLASS U0 uterine wall thickness In presence of a normal uterine **DYSMORPHIC** outline but with an abnormal **UTERUS** shape (excluding septa), characterized by a narrow uterine CLASS U1 b. Infantilis a. T-shaped **SEPTATE** In presence of a normal uterine outline but with an internal **UTERUS** indentation at the fundal midline CLASS U2 >50% of the uterine wall thickness, dividing partly (U2a) or PARTIAL fully (U2b) the uterine cavity SEPTATE In presence of a normal uterine **UTERUS** indentation at the fundal midline >50% of the uterine wall thick-CLASS U2 ness, dividing partly (U2a) or fully (U2b) the uterine cavity COMPLETE In presence of a uterus with an **BICORPOREAL** abnormal fundal outline with an **UTERUS** external indentation at the fundal midline >50% of the uterine wall CLASS U3 thickness, dividing partly (U3a) or fully (U3b) the uterine corpus COMPLETE above the level of the cervix









In presence of a unilateral uterine development, with the contralateral part incompletely formed (with or without a communicating functional horn) or absent

SCHEMATIC REPRESENTATION AND ULTRASOUND FRONTAL VIEW

Class U2: internal indentation >50% of the uterine wall thickness and external contour straight or with indentation <50% **Class U3:** external indentation >50% of the uterine wall thickness **Class U3b:** width of the fundal indentation at the midline >150% of the uterine wall thickness

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